

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name:	AH-3000-2
Name of manufacture:	Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd. (Yamazaki Works)
Address:	4–13–1 Higashi-cho, Hitachi-shi, Ibaraki, 317–8555, Japan
Name of section:	Photosensitive Materials R&D Dept. Masahiro Miyasaka
	Advanced Performance Materials Business Headquarters
Phone number:	+<81>-294-23-8994 (JAPAN)
FAX number:	+<81>-294-22-9578 (JAPAN)
Emergency call:	Hitachi Chemical Asia-Pacific Pte. Ltd.
	+<65>6836-6988 (Singapore) (Business hours)
	Hitachi Chemical Company Ltd. Yamazaki Works.
	+<81> 294-23-8907 (JAPAN) (24 hours)
For other information:	+<81> 294-23-8994 (JAPAN)
	- channing and weathrighten an user Material few semiconducts

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: Material for semiconductor.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

[GHS CLASSIFICATION]	According to SS586-2008 (Singapore)				
PHYSICAL HAZARDS:	Flammable liquids ;		Category 3		
HEALTH HAZARDS:	Acute toxicity	Oral ;	Not classifie	d	
		Dermal ;	Not classifie	d	
		Inhalation;	Classificatio	n not possible	
	Skin corrosion/	irritation ;	Category 2		
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation ; Category 1				
	Respiratory ser	Respiratory sensitization ;		Classification not possible	
	Skin sensitizati	on ;	Category 1		
	Germ cell muta	genicity ;	Classificatio	n not possible	
	Carcinogenicity	<i>'</i> ;	Classificatio	n not possible	
	Reproductive t	oxicity ;	Classificatio	n not possible	
	Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure;				
	Category 3 (Respiratory tract irritation) Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure;			Respiratory tract irritation)	
	Classification not possible				
	Aspiration haza	ırd ;	Classificatio	n not possible	
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:					
	Hazardous to t	he aquatic environn	nent: Acute;	Classification not possible	
			Long tern	n; Classification not possible	
	Hazardous to t	he ozone layer:	Classifica	tion not possible	
				(Continued on page 2)	
AH-3000-2 YMS-5098-104	4 Hitachi Cher	nical Co., Ltd. Yama	azaki Works		

[GHS LABEL ELEMENTS]



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

- •Flammable liquid and vapour.
- Causes skin irritation.
- ·Causes serious eye damage.
- •May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- •May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

- •Keep container tightly closed.
- •Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame No smoking.
- ·Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
- ·Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- •Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- •Use only non-sparking tools.
- •Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- •Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be slowed out of the workplace.
- •Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- ·Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response:

- In case of fire : Use dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, foam, water spray and dry sand.
- •IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- •IF ON SKIN (or hair) : Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- ·If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- •Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- •IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- ·Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- ·Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage:

- •Store locked up.
- •Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- •Store container tightly closed.

(Continued on page 3)

Disposal:

•Dispose of contents/container in according with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Substance/Mixture:	Mixture		
General product description:	Resin for solution.		
Ingredients and composition:			
Chemical name	Composition (wt. %)	Chemical formula	CAS No.
Thermoset resin	20 - 30	-	Registered
Additive	10 - 20	-	Registered
Ethyl lactate	55 - 65	CH ₃ CH(OH)COOC ₂ H ₅	97-64-3

UN Class: 3 (Flammable Liquids) UN No.: 1993 (Flammable Liquid, N.O.S.)

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove the victim from the contamination immediately to fresh air when mist is inhaled.

When the signs of abnormalities are accepted, Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact: Remove all contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with plenty of water with mild soap. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Eye contact: Gently rinse the affected eyes with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Ask the victim to look up, down and side-to-side in order to better reach all parts of eyes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with plenty of water and get medical attention. When vomiting happens naturally, incline the body not to enter into the trachea.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties: Flash point 56.5°C (Product)

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, foam, water spray and dry sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water jet

Specific hazards regarding with fire-fighting measure

- · Initial fires are best controlled by dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide and dry sand.
- · Large fires are best controlled by foam.
- In case of neighboring fire, cool containers and surroundings by water spray. Move containers from fire area if possible.
- Be careful not to cause environmental pollution by an outflow of fire extinguishing water and the dilution water.
- · Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-breathing apparatus.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes and hydeocarbons.

Toxic gases (carbon monoxide) will form upon combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions:

- Evacuate people to safe area. Evacuate non- essential personnel.
- Wear proper protective equipment.
- Do not work at the lee.

Environmental precautions:

- Do not wash away into sewers, watercourses or rivers.
- Do not infiltrate it into the soil.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

- Remove firing sources nearby for prevention of the fire outbreak.
- For small spill, absorb spills with inert materials(e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste containers.
- For large spill, dike for later disposal, cover spills with foam, then place into a chemical waste container.
- Use non-sparking tools.
- The waste shall be disposed according to "13.DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS" ...

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

- · Use in the closed apparatus. Work under local exhaustion.
- In case of handling, wear proper protective equipment to avoid contact and inhalation.
- Avoid long term handling or repeated exposure.
- · Wash face and hands after handling.
- If you feel abnormality in the body or abnormality on the body observed, make sure to get medical advice/attention after taking the emergency measures refer to section 4.

Storage:

- · Keep containers tightly closed and store in dark and well-ventilated location.
- · Follow all regulation on the transport in your country or region.
- Store locked up.
- · Specific materials to be avoided: Strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing materials.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure control: Use this product only in a totally enclosed systems or local exhaust ventilation. Make

available in the work area with emergency shower and eyes washer.

Control parameters: ACGIH (2014) ¹⁾: Not established.

Engineering measure: Singapore PEL : Not established.

Personal protection equipment:

- · Respiratory protection: Industrial canister gas masks.
- · Eye protection: Safety goggles or face shield.
- · Hand, skin and body protection: Chemical-resistant gloves, impervious boots and apron or full-body suit.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Pale yellow liquid
Odor:	Ester odor
Flash point:	56.5°C
Auto-ignition temperature:	450°C
Specific gravity:	1.00 - 1.15
Solubility in water:	Insoluble
(Reference ²⁾)	
Boiling point:	154°C (Ethyl lactate)
Flash point:	53.5°C (Ethyl lactate)
Auto-ignition temperature:	400°C (Ethyl lactate)
Vapor pressure:	2.79hPa (20°C) (Ethyl lactate)
Vapor density (air=1):	4.07 (Ethyl lactate)
Explosion limit (in air, vol.%)	Lower 1.5 Upper 11.4 (Ethyl lactate)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under normal condition and anticipated storage.
Materials to avoid:	Strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products:	Carbon monoxide
Hazardous polymerization:	Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Route of entry: May cause absorption in the body by oral and dermal.

Acute toxicity:

Additive	ORAL LD ₅₀	12300 μ l/kg (rat) $^{3)}$
Ethyl lactate	ORAL LD ₅₀	$>$ 2000 mg/kg (rat) $^{4)}$
	DERMAL LD ₅₀	$>$ 5000 mg/kg (rabbit) $^{4)}$

LD₅₀: Lethal dose 50% kill

Skin corrosion/irritation: This product may irritate skin.

Ethyl lactate causes skin irritation. 4)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: This product may damage eyes.

Ethyl lactate damages eyes. ⁵⁾

Respiratory sensitization: No relevant information found.

(Continued on page 6)

Skin sensitization: This product may have skin sensitization

Thermoset resin and ethyl lactate have skin sensitization. ^{4), 6)}

Germ cell mutagenicity: No relevant information found.

Carcinogenicity: Components of this product are not classified in IARC and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity: No relevant information found.

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure:

Ethyl lactate may cause respiratory irritation.⁴⁾

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure: No relevant information found.

Aspiration hazard: No relevant information found.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradability: Ethyl lactate is biodegradability.²⁾

Bioaccumulation: No relevant information found.

Eco-toxicity: This product may cause adverse effects to aquatic environments.

•Fishes;	Danio rerio;	LC ₅₀ (96h)	320mg/I (Ethyl lactate) ⁴⁾
 Crustacea; 	Daphnia magna;	EC ₅₀ (48h)	560mg/I (Ethyl lactate) 4)

 LC_{50} : Lethal concentration 50% kill, EC_{50} : 50% effective concentration

Hazardous to the ozone layer: No relevant information found.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on their safe handling of disposal:

• Do not dump into sewers, on the ground or into any body of water.

Appropriate methods of disposal:

- Waste liquid should be recovered in a closed container and handed over to a special merchant for waste disposal.
- Follow all regulation in your country or region.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Any especial precaution on the transport or conveyance:

- · Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing materials
- · United Nation's recommendation and other international agreements on the transport and packaging.

UN Class: 3 (Flammable Liquids)

UN Number: 1993 (Flammable Liquid, N.O.S.)

- Packing Group: III Marine Pollutant: No
- Follow all regulation on the transport in your country or region.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification and labeling in accordance with SS586-2008 (Specification for hazard communication for hazardous chemicals and dangerous goods (Singapore)): See Section 2

• Regulatory information with regard to this preparation in your country or region should be examined by your own responsibility.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

References:

- 1) TLV and BEIs (ACGIH 2014)
- 2) SDS published by manufacturer of ethyl lactate (2012)
- 3) Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (CCOHS)
- 4) GHS Classification Data Base (National Institute of Technology and Evaluation, Japan)
- 5) REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
- 6) SDS published by manufacturer of thermoset resin (2005)

Inquiry of the information contained herein:

Photosensitive Materials R&D Dept. Masahiro Miyasaka Advanced Performance Materials Business Headquarters Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd. (Yamazaki Works) Phone number: +<81>-294-23-8994 (Japan)

The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, express or implied, is made.

Please consult Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd. for further information.

The information contained herein is, to the best of Hitachi Chemical Company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the data issued.

It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of this information for the adoption of necessary safety precautions.

We reserve the right to revise SDS periodically as new information becomes available.