

Revision Date: 27 July 2013

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# 1. Product and Company Identification

**Trade name:** Sulfuric Acid 96% **Product code:** Not Applicable

**Supplier Info:** 

KMG Ultra Pure Chemicals Pte, Ltd.

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Singapore 638826

Tel: +65 68651982 Fax: +65 68621985

Recommended use: Use according to manufacturers' directions

**Emergency contact** 

**Mobile:** +65 9741 5009 **Mobile:** +65 94386262

## 2. Hazard Identification

#### **Hazard Classification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture:

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 2 Metal Corrosion Category 1 Serious Eye Damage Category 1 Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1

**GHS** label elements:

**Pictograms** 





**Signal Word:** DANGER! **Hazard Statements:** H330 Fatal if inhaled

H290 May be corrosive to metals

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

**Precautionary Statements:** 

**Prevention:** 

P234 Keep only in original container



P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264 Wash clothing and PPE thoroughly after handling
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P284 Wear respiratory protection

**Response:** 

P301 + P330 + IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, Do NOT induce vomiting

P331

P301+312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell P304+P340 If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing

P303 + P361 + If on skin, Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, Rinse skin with

P353 water/shower

P305 + P351 + If in eyes, Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, continue rinsing. Rinse

P338 cautiously for several minutes.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect Spillage P330 Rinse mouth

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

**Storage:** 

P405 Store locked up

P406 Store in a corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents according to state/federal laws

**Other Hazards:** Not Available

# 3. Composition/Information on ingredients

## Chemical property

**Description:** 

Components CAS No. EC/EINECS Pre-registration No % weight Sulfuric Acid 7664-93-9 - 96% Water 7732-18-5 4%

## 4. First-Aid Measures

## The first aid measures for different routes of exposure:

General information: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower

**Inhalation:** Wear respiratory protection, as necessary, and remove patient promptly to

fresh air. Restore breathing, if required and, if breathing is difficult, give oxygen provided a qualified operator is available. Keep patient warm and

at rest. Get medical attention.

**Skin contact:** Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while

removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician,

immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.

**Eye contact:** If material gets into the eyes, immediately flush eyes gently with water for

at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart. If symptoms develop as a



result of vapour exposure, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air before flushing as recommended above. Seek

immediate medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, Give water to rinse out mouth, then

provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Get medical attention.

**Protection for first aiders:** Personal protective equipment.

**Indications to physicians:** Pre existing disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be

aggravated by exposure to this material: skin, lung (for example,

asthma-like conditions).

# 5. Fire-fighting Measures

FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT: NO FLASH POINT

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LOWER: NA, UPPER: NA

**AUTOIGNITION TEMP.: NA** 

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

Use any standard fire fighting agent (water spray or fog, dry chemical, foam, etc.) as appropriate to surrounding fire conditions.

#### **SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:**

Use self-contained, NIOSH-approved, breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, including eye and skin protection.

Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool or move from fire area if without risk.

#### UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Non combustible.

- · Not considered to be a significant fire risk.
- · Acids may react with metals to produce hydrogen, a highly flammable and explosive gas.
- · Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.

Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of: hydrogen chloride.

May emit poisonous fumes.

May emit corrosive fumes.

## **6. Accidental Release Measures**

#### **SMALL SPILL:**

Cover the contaminated surface with sodium bicarbonate or a soda ash/flaked lime mixture (50-50). Mix and add water if necessary to form a slurry. Scoop up slurry and wash site with soda ash solution. Proper mixing procedures are essential. Trained personnel should conduct this procedure. Untrained personnel should be removed from the spill area.

# **LARGE SPILL:**

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical spark). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If



runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up is completed. Stop spill at source. Dike to prevent spreading. Pump to salvage tank.

# 7. Handling and Storage

#### **Storage:**

Protect from physical damage. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from combustibles and reactive chemicals. Keep out of sun and away from heat. Keep containers upright. No smoking in storage area.

#### **Handling:**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist. Use appropriate personnel protective equipment. Do not add water to acid. When diluting, always add acid to water cautiously and with agitation. Use with adequate ventilation.

Conditions for storage rooms and vessels: Keep in a cool, well ventilated area

# 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

**Engineering controls:** A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details.

## **Control parameters:**

SULFURIC ACID (7664-93-9) OSHA VPEL 1.000 mg/m3 – TWA ACGIH TLV 1.000 mg/m3 – TWA ACGIH TLV 3.000 mg/m3 – STEL

Consult also local authorities for acceptable exposure limits

Biological standards: Not Available

#### Personal protective equipment (PPE):











## **Respiratory protection:**

Wear respiratory equipment with suitable filter or wear a self contained respiratory apparatus.

**Hand protection:** Protective gloves **Eye protection:** Safety goggles

Skin and body protection: Chemical protective clothing Wear splash apron, work uniform and shoes to

prevent skin contact.

Hygiene measures: Do not inhale vapor .Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not wear contaminated

clothing.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: Liquid

Color: Colorless to light yellow liquid

**Odor:** Odorless

Odor Threshold:Not AvailablePH value:0.3 (1% solution)

Melting point/Freezing Point: 27°C (94%)
Boiling Point/Boiling Range: 274°C (94%)

Flammability (Solid, gas): Non-Flammable

Flashpoint: Test method: Open cup: Close cup: Decomposition temperature: -

**Liquid Density:** 9.820 Ibs/gal @ 77.00 F

Percent Volatile: 100%

Specific Vapor density: 1.27 @AIR=1

Vapor pressure: 17.50mmHg @ 68°F

Specific Gravity @ 20°C: 1.842
Solubility: Miscible

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

## **Stability:**

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

## **Special Remarks on Reactivity:**

Burning may produce ammonia, nitrogen oxides.

#### **Conditions to avoid:**

Protect from moisture. Do not allow water to enter container. Heat, sunlight, incompatibles.

### **Incompatible materials:**

A strong mineral acid, concentrated hydrochloric acid is incompatible with many substances and highly reactive with strong bases, metals, metal oxides, hydroxides, amines, carbonates and other alkaline materials. Incompatible with materials such as cyanides, sulfides, sulfites, and formaldehyde.

## Corrosivity



Not Applicable

# 11. Toxicological Information

### **Toxicity to Animals**

LD50 (oral-rat): 2140 mg/kg LC50 (inhl-rat): 510 mg/m3/2 hr LC50 (inhl-mouse): 320 mg/m3/2 hr

#### **ROUTES OF ENTRY:**

Not Available.

## **CHRONIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS:**

Not Available.

## **OTHER TOXIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS:**

Not Available.

#### SPECIAL REMARKS ON TOXICITY TO ANIMALS:

Not Available.

#### SPECIAL REMARKS ON CHRONIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS:

IARC and NTP have classified "strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid" as known human carcinogens. The state of California has also listed "strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid" on the Proposition 65 list as a cancer causing agent. No definitive causal relationship between sulfuric acid mist exposure and respiratory cancer has been shown.

#### SPECIAL REMARKS ON OTHER TOXIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS:

Not Available.

# 12. Ecological Information

### **ENVIRONMENTAL FATE:**

24.5 ppm/24 hr./bluegill/lethal/fresh water 42.5 ppm/48 hr./prawn/LC50/salt water

### **ENVIRONMENTAL TOXICITY:**

Not available.

#### **BOD5 AND COD:**

Not available.

## PRODUCTS OF BIODEGRADATION:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

### TOXICITY OF THE PRODUCTS OF BIODEGRADATION:

The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

## 13. Disposal Considerations



#### **Methods of Waste Disposal:**

Carefully pour into water solution of sodium carbonate or bicarbonate in excess of amount needed to neutralize. Stir and allow to stand until bubbling stops. Wash to chemical drain with large excess of water. Rinse original drum with carbonate or bicarbonate solution before disposing.

Consult Federal, State or Local authorities for proper disposal procedures.

## 14. Transport Information

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

Proper Shipping Name: Sulphuric acid, with more than 51% acid

Hazard Class: 8 UN / NA: 1830 Packing Group: II

International (Water, I.M.O.)

Proper Shipping Name: Sulphuric acid, with more than 51% acid

Hazard Class: 8 UN / NA: 1830 Packing Group: II

International (Air, I.C.A.O.)

Proper Shipping Name: Sulphuric acid, with more than 51% acid

Hazard Class: 8 UN / NA: 1830 Packing Group: II

## 15. Regulatory Information

### **Labeling according to EC Directives**

According to EC Regulation According to GHS directives

According to Singapore Standards (SS586: 2008)

To follow local state and federal laws where applicable

#### **OTHER REGULATIONS:**

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

#### **EU DIRECTIVES CLASSIFICATION**

Symbol of Danger: C

Indication of Danger: Corrosive.

R: 35

Risk Statements: Causes severe burns.

S: 26 30 45



Safety Statements: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Never add water to this product. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

#### **Other Classifications:**

#### WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

CLASS E: Corrosive liquid.

DSCL (EEC):

R34- Causes burns.

R37- Irritating to respiratory system.

S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

## 16. Other Information

Abbreviations and acronyms:

- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
- OSHA: The Occupational Health & Safety Assessment Series (Singapore)
- NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- LD50: 50% Lethal Dose
- LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration
- UN: United Nations
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

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